

# The Democratic Banner.

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## LIQUOR FORCES WIN FIRST ROUND

### But Two Hearings Will Be Held On The License Bill

Admission By Ticket Only—Compromise Measure Expected, With The Wets Having A Shade The Better Of It—Administration's Anti-Lobby Measure Goes Through Both Branches Of The Assembly—Many Bill Introduced

Columbus, O., Jan. 16.—Liquor forces won the first round of their fight when they practically persuaded the joint house and senate committee to conduct only two hearings on the license bill. These will be held Monday and Tuesday nights and admission will be by ticket only. Each session will be allotted three tickets. The limitation on the size of the audience is sought to prevent demonstrations.

Superintendent Wayne B. Wheeler of the Anti-Saloon league appeared for the first and Nicholas Dulle of Dayton for the wets. The temperance forces and two hearings were not enough. There is no expectation that either of the bills now proposed for license will be passed. A compromise measure is expected, and in this the liquor people are expected to have the best of it.

#### Anti-Lobby Bill In Favor.

Governor Cox got instantaneous action on his anti-lobby bill to put corrupt lobbyists in the penitentiary. The bill was given its second reading and referred to committees in both the senate and house. The bill provides that whatever person or concern employs a lobbyist shall, within a week, furnish the secretary of state with his name. The lobbyist also must register, giving the name of his employer and what legislation he is to work on. Fines and imprisonment are provided for violations of the act. As a rider the bill carried an emergency clause, exempting it from referendum to popular vote.

Senator Potting of Akron stated that his joint resolution for a special election next September to amend the constitution to allow municipalities to classify property for taxation and exempt from taxation any sort of property so classified, was a simple home rule tax measure. Potting, a single-taxer, admitted the bill would allow cities to adopt single tax, but maintained that was merely incidental to home rule.

Senator McDermott of Trumbull is drafting a bill designed to prevent cold storage houses cornering food supplies. His method is to make the penalties so severe that the profits would not warrant the risk of being convicted.

Representative Collins from Stark county introduced a bill providing a minimum sentence of three years in the penitentiary and a fine of not less than \$500 for persons who combine to control the supply or prevent competition in the sale of butter, eggs, flour, meat or vegetables.

#### For Election of Senators.

The house, 114 to 0, ratified the proposed amendment to the federal constitution providing for the direct election of United States senators. Rep-

resentative Robert Black of Cincinnati said word had been received from Speaker Champ Clark and the president pro tem. of the United States senate that the proposal had been properly passed in congress, despite the contrary statement of Georgia's governor.

Senator Hudson introduced a resolution asking the Ohio congressional delegation to urge a national highway system. He points out that \$592,395,000 has been spent for rivers and harbors alone since 1875, and he believes the 450,000 miles of roads in the state are as justly entitled to such an outlay.

Representative Harmon of Hamilton county strikes at the opium evil with a bill providing a fine of not above \$500 or imprisonment in the county jail not more than three months, or both, for those who smoke the drug.

Representative Brown of Union introduced a bill forbidding the transportation of cattle into Ohio unless accompanied with certificates that they have been subjected to the tuberculin test six months before and were found uninfected.

Among other bills introduced were: To compel streetcars to have vestibules enclosing motormen during the whole year; to allow county commissioners to provide public comfort stations; to require the two-platoon 12-hour shift in all city fire departments under civil service; to remove public officials by judicial process; to prevent advertising to cure private diseases.

## DIVORCE EPIDEMIC

Cleveland, O., Jan. 16.—Common pleas judges here are unable to account for the record-breaking number of divorce suits which have been filed and brought to trial recently. Twenty-four divorces were granted yesterday, making a total of 118 granted in the last four days. Most of the petitions allege cruelty and abuse, and the majority of them are uncontested.

#### Senate Favors Commerce Court.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The senate devoted most of the session to consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. Among the amendments agreed to was one appropriating money to continue the commerce court, which was adopted by a vote of 35 to 20. The house had made no provision for continuing the work of the court.

## WILL USE COMMON SENSE IN MANAGING SCHOOL

Lancaster, O., Jan. 16.—Captain R. U. Hastings, successor to Major F. C. Gerlach as superintendent of the Boys' Industrial school, assumed charge of the institution today.

"I expect to use common sense in governing the institution," declared Captain Hastings, when asked as to

whether he would introduce corporal punishment in order to restore discipline. "The board of administration gives me authority to use whatever means may be necessary, but I do not favor corporal punishment and will not use the paddle unless it is absolutely necessary."

## FORTY THOUSAND STRIKING GARMENT WORKERS PARADE IN NEW YORK AND THEN HOLD BIG MASS MEETING IN UNION SQUARE



New York, Jan. 16.—Between 35,000 and 40,000 striking garment workers made a show of strength under the eyes of their employers by a great parade through the manufacturing district, which ended in a mass meeting that overflowed Union square. Though some of the speeches delivered by orators in three languages sizzled with condemnation of the clothing manufacturers and the conditions which the garment workers are protesting against, there was no violence during the whole course of the parade and ensuing mass meeting, and by orders of the union heads red flags were barred. Benjamin Schweitzer and Max Pine, leaders of the strike, made speeches.

## VICTIMS OF TITANIC FILE HEAVY CLAIMS

New York, Jan. 16.—Claims aggregating more than \$5,488,000 have been filed with United States Commissioner Gilchrist against the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., for loss of life and property, together with mental and physical suffering occasioned by the sinking of the Titanic. No claims have been submitted by Mrs. John Jacob Astor, the

widow of Philadelphia or the family of Charles M. Hayes, former president of the Grand Trunk railroad. The brother of Major Archibald Butt submitted a claim for loss of his brother's personal baggage. The largest claim was submitted by Irene Wallack Harris, wife of Henry B. Harris, the theatrical manager, for \$1,000,000.

## HOGAN AT ASHLAND

Ashland, O., Jan. 16.—Attorney General Hogan and Assistant Medill arrived here to investigate sensational allegations that the late Ashland county grand jury was packed to prevent an indictment being returned against former Patrolman Todd Spring, who while raiding a keg party shot Clyde Ebert, who subsequently died.

## DEMOCRATS WON'T SCARE

Washington, Jan. 16.—Several Democrats commented on the alleged depressive effect which President-elect Wilson's Trenton speech had on the business and investment world. "I would like to hang any scoundrel who would try to start a panic," declared Senator Tillman of South Carolina. "The Democrats will not scare worth a straw."

## KILLED BY HOLDUP MAN

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Michael Mansfield, 35, was killed in his lunchbox by a holdup man. The robber escaped. Mansfield called for help when told to hand over his money, and the intruder shot him through the heart.

## GREEK VESSEL RIDDLED AND SENT TO BOTTOM

Athens, Jan. 16.—The Turkish cruiser Medjidie sailed out of the Dardanelles in the fog and off Syria attacked and sunk the Greek merchantman Macedonia, which had been seized by the Greek government as a transport. The Medjidie then sailed to the eastward. The Greek fleet has

## KILLED ON RAILROAD

Postoria, O., Jan. 16.—Clarence Bernhisel, 35, of Baldstown, was killed by a Baltimore & Ohio train. His head was crushed and an arm and leg were broken.

## TO STOP DECADENCE

Columbus, O., Jan. 16.—Centralization and consolidation of rural schools and churches to stop their decadence and to promote their efficiency were recommended by Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester of the United States; P. P. Claxton of Washington, D. C., commissioner of the United States bureau of education, and other speakers on "Country Life Day" at the Chamber of Commerce auditorium. It was observed in connection with the annual meeting of the Ohio state board of agriculture.

## A WARNING IS ISSUED

By U. S. Senators To The Panic Makers

Would Conduct Investigation To Place Responsibility.

GORE AND JAMES SEE WILSON

President-Elect Not Disturbed by Comment of Wall Street Writers Who Attribute Depressed Condition of the Market to His Recent Utterances—Senator Gore On His Bill Increasing Membership of High Court.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 16.—Governor Wilson appeared not to be greatly concerned when he was shown the comments of Wall street writers, who attributed the depressed condition of the market to his recent utterances at Chicago and in Trenton. He has frequently remarked that those who are now expressing surprise at the attitude he takes toward various industrial and commercial questions, can not have read carefully the speeches which he made before his nomination and during the campaign.

Senator Gore of Oklahoma and Senator-elect Cille James, who visited the governor, did not hesitate to express their opinions as to how far Mr. Wilson's remarks have been responsible for the Wall street flurry. "President-elect Wilson's administration," said Senator Gore, "will not offer any just occasion for alarm. There is no enemy of prosperity in this country excepting the prophets of panic. Nobody has any occasion to fear the administration of Governor Wilson that does not fear the administration of justice."

"The Democrats are in control of congress," said Mr. James, "and if anybody starts a panic we will appoint an investigating committee and find out who is responsible for it. There is absolutely no reason for any panic."

When the governor's attention was called to the statement of Mr. James he laughed and said: "Then they could find out by the investigation whether I was responsible or not." Senator Gore was asked if Governor Wilson favored his bill, introduced Tuesday, providing for an increase in the membership of the supreme court from 9 to 11. "That bill," said the senator, "was offered by my own motion. My reason for offering the bill is that justice delayed is justice denied. There are 850 cases on the supreme court docket now. If the court should hand down two opinions a day, Sundays included, it would require two years to finish the docket. provided no new cases came up."

## RYAN'S BOND REFUSED

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Hope of immediate release for President Frank M. Ryan of the Structural Iron Workers' union vanished when District Attorney Miller of Indianapolis was sustained by the circuit court of appeals in his contention that the property scheduled on Ryan's \$70,000 bond was insufficient.

## AVERTED A ROBBERY

Marion, O., Jan. 16.—The daring of Operator B. L. Brady at the tower in the East Marion yards prevented an attempt to hold up eastbound No. 14 Erie express. Two men entered the tower. Brady ordered them out and, holding two revolvers, the operator telegraphed a warning to the office. Erie engines took out police and detectives, but too late to catch the men. The men wanted to make Brady set the signals to stop the late train.

## CASTRO HELD UNFIT TO ENTER COUNTRY

Attorneys to Appeal to Department of Commerce and Labor.

New York, Jan. 16.—General Cipriano Castro, former boss of Venezuela, was declared unfit to enter the United States by a board of special inquiry that has been considering his case for the last several days.

The little general was not permitted to have counsel at the examination and he was a reluctant witness against himself; in fact, his inquisitors say that he committed perjury in his testimony. He appeared to be little affected by the decision after it had been translated into Spanish and read to him. He has been aware that the law firm of O'Gorman, Battle & Marshall is looking after his interests and that they will appeal to Washington to have the order of the board reversed.

After reading the decision Mr. Content of O'Gorman, Battle & Marshall said: "Mr. Battle, Mr. Marshall and I will appeal to the secretary of commerce and labor. It looks to me as if our immigration laws have been used as a pretext for keeping Castro out of this country."

#### SUGAR MEN HEARD

Head of American Company Suggests Moderate Reduction in Tariff.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Sugar refiners, beet sugar men, California wine producers, mineral water importers and others descended in force on the house committee on ways and means to fight out the tariff issue.

Nothing in the committee's examination of the varying shades of sugar-rate views indicated any weakening of the Democratic tentative plan for presenting another free sugar bill for action by the house at the coming extra session of congress.

Some of the leading men in the sugar industry were present: Edward H. Atkins, the vice president and acting head of the American Sugar Refining company, proposed a moderate reduction in the sugar tariff.

#### Policeman's Victim Dead.

Columbus, O., Jan. 16.—William Bosticher, who was shot by Patrolman Van Gieson, is dead of his wound. The coroner is investigating. It is alleged that the young man refused to halt when ordered to do so by the officer, after he had been pointed out as a holdup artist.

#### LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

CHICAGO, JAN. 16.  
Cattle—Heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.25; light, \$4.75 to \$5.00; steers, \$4.50 to \$4.75; cows, \$4.25 to \$4.50; calves, \$4.00 to \$4.25.  
Hogs—Light, \$1.50 to \$1.75; mixed, \$1.25 to \$1.50; heavy, \$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Sheep—Native, \$1.00 to \$1.25; foreign, \$0.75 to \$1.00.  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.10 to \$1.15; No. 2 white, \$1.05 to \$1.10; No. 2 hard, \$1.00 to \$1.05.  
Corn—No. 2 yellow, \$0.85 to \$0.90; No. 2 white, \$0.80 to \$0.85.  
Rye—No. 2, \$0.65 to \$0.70.  
Clover—No. 1, \$1.00 to \$1.10; No. 2, \$0.85 to \$0.95.

PITTSBURGH, JAN. 16.  
Cattle—Heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.25; light, \$4.75 to \$5.00; steers, \$4.50 to \$4.75; cows, \$4.25 to \$4.50; calves, \$4.00 to \$4.25.  
Hogs—Light, \$1.50 to \$1.75; mixed, \$1.25 to \$1.50; heavy, \$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Sheep—Native, \$1.00 to \$1.25; foreign, \$0.75 to \$1.00.

CLEVELAND, JAN. 16.  
Cattle—Choice, \$5.00 to \$5.25; prime, \$4.75 to \$5.00; heavy, \$4.50 to \$4.75; light, \$4.25 to \$4.50; steers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; cows, \$3.75 to \$4.00; calves, \$3.50 to \$3.75.  
Hogs—Heavy, \$1.50 to \$1.75; mixed, \$1.25 to \$1.50; light, \$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Sheep—Native, \$1.00 to \$1.25; foreign, \$0.75 to \$1.00.

TOLEDO, JAN. 16.  
Wheat, \$1.17; corn, \$0.85; oats, \$0.55; cloverseed, \$1.42.